KS1 History			
	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Year 1	Did Grandma have as much fun playing with her toys as we do?  • Changes within living memory. Where appropriate, these should be used to reveal aspects of change in national life	Why did the Great Fire of London spread?  • Events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally	<ul> <li>Significant historical people and places in their own locality</li> </ul>
Year 2	• Events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally	Black History – Rosa Parks/Mary Seacole  • The lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements	Transport through time  • Events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally for example, the first aeroplane flight

	LKS2 History				
Autumn		Spring	Summer		
Cycle A	<ul> <li>Victorian Liverpool</li> <li>A local history study — a study overtime tracing how several aspects of national history are reflected in the locality</li> <li>OR A study of an aspect of history or a site dating from a period beyond 1066 that is significant in the locality</li> </ul>	• A study of Greek life and achievements and their influence on the western world	<ul> <li>The Roman empire and its impact on Britain</li> <li>The Roman Empire and its impact on Britain</li> <li>This could include:</li> <li>Julius Caesar's attempted invasion in 55-54BC</li> <li>The Roman Empire by AD 42 and the power of its army</li> <li>Successful invasion by Claudius and conquest, including Hadrian's Wall</li> <li>British resistance for example, Boudica</li> <li>'Romanisation' of Britain: sites such as Caerwent and the impact of technology, culture and beliefs, including early Christianity.</li> </ul>		

## Cycle B

## Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots

This could include:

- The Roman withdrawal from Britain in c. AD 410 and the fall of the western Roman Empire
- Scots invasions from Ireland to north Britain (now Scotland)
- Anglo-Saxon invasions, settlements and kingdoms: place names and village life
- Anglo-Saxon art and culture
- Christian conversion Canterbury,
   Iona and Lindisfarne

The Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edward the Confessor

This could include:

- Viking raids and invasion
- Resistance by Alfred the Great and Athelstan, first king of England
- Further Viking invasions and Danegeld
- Anglo-Saxon laws and justice
- Edward the Confessor and his death in 1066

## **Dr Duncan**

- A local history study
- A local history study a study overtime tracing how several aspects of national history are reflected in the locality
- OR A study of an aspect of history or a site dating from a period beyond 1066 that is significant in the locality

UKS2 History			
	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Year 5	Ancient Egypt	The Mayans	Changes in Britain from
	The achievements of the earliest civilisations — an overview of where and when the first civilisation appeared and a depth study of one of Ancient Egypt  Trip — Professor Fluffy — Liverpool University	• A non- European society that provides contrasts with British history – Mayan civilisation c, AD 900	<ul> <li>Stone Age to Iron Age</li> <li>Late Neolithic hunter-gatherers and early farmers for example, Skara Brae</li> <li>Bronze Age religion, technology and travel, for example, Stonehenge</li> <li>Iron Age hill forts: tribal kingdoms, farming, art and culture</li> <li>Trip – Lunt Forest – stone age settlement</li> </ul>
Year 6	WW2 How did Hitler	SATs	Crime and Punishment
	convince a nation like		Recap from history

Germany to follo	w him? periods throughout
A significant turn	ing LKS2-UKS2
point in British hi	story